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1 on the record.

MR. SOBEL: That's fine.

THE COURT: Those -- your motions were marked as exhibits.

All right. Plaintiff Anil and Renu Sehgal move to remove defendants from asking any inflammatory, irrelevant or prejudicial questions of non-party witness Kathy Fulton.

Defendant in turn quashed a subpoena on Global Liberty

Insurance Company's vice president. Fulton works as a paralegal of the same firm as plaintiff Anil Sehgal which firm is representing both plaintiffs in this case.

Plaintiffs seek to bar defendants from questioning her as to any referrals to medical professionals she may have made to Mr. Sehgal after this accident. Testimony may be excluded where it is established that its probative value is outweighed by the danger that, quote, that the main issue would be obstructed by promulgation of trial and by the solid possibility of undue prejudice to the other side, end quote. That's from People v. Davis 43 NY2d 17, 27 1977.

Here there is no compelling reason to ask Fulton about any medical referral other than to intimidate, strike that -- intimate to the jury that the plaintiffs are, quote, working the system, unquote -- end quote, and that the expert is biased and, therefore, unbelievable.

Additionally, allowing defendants to delve into

how plaintiffs were referred to their doctors could open the door for plaintiffs to inquire as to how the defendants selected their own selected physicians. Defendants will now be precluded -- strike that. Defendants will now be prejudiced by the lack of Fulton's testimony in this regard as they will have the opportunity to examine and cross-examine all other witnesses on plaintiff's evidence which is the actual injuries which is the actual issue in this case.

Similarly, requesting defendant's Vice President of Claims to testify would result in the jury being presented with inappropriate evidence questions as to the existence of insurance during the course of a trial are of little probative value and substantially prejudice the affected party. That's from Lynch v. Ford, 60 AD2d 880 1978.

Further, the line of testimony would likely result in a mistrial. See, for example, A. Johnson versus

Lazarowitz -- strike that -- Lazarowitz, 4 AD3d 334 2004.

Accordingly, both motions in limine are granted, okay.

MR. MURPHY: Judge, may I just clarify?

THE COURT: Oh, I just want to note in light of
the fact that you asked -- you move by order to show cause
before Justice Lane, tried contacting his chambers. He -they are unavailable for the rest of the week. They are not
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available. Nobody. We called the motions to see if there is a decision and there is none. While I can't ask for that motion to decide, it will be moot by the time -- if it hasn't been decided by the time Justice Lane considers it.

MR. MURPHY: If I may, Judge, just to clarify the decision, my original motion was to prevent that line of questioning throughout the trial. Is that your decision or is it just in regards to --

THE COURT: Well, I guess my question is -- I thought about that because I think why would -- either of you calling this witness?

MR. MURPHY: No. No, of course, not for me. But my question was: My motion was to preclude the line of questioning throughout the trial, that it's prejudicial for him to bring up working the system throughout the trial. I understand that decision applies to calling Kathy Fulton, but does that apply to rest of the witnesses? Is he allowed to inquire throughout the trial?

THE COURT: Is that your understanding? Just that one question. I do see it. I understand it was Miss Kathy Fulton, but I see it as a global issue, I believe, in this case, any questions in that regard, but I will hear you on it, if you wish.

MR. SOBEL: Your Honor, it is my understanding this was solely about Kathy Fulton, nothing else. A typical

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question any attorney asks in the course of a deposition is when you went to see Dr. Smith how did you come to learn of Dr. Smith and then they'll say oh, my cousin went there, my mother. Somebody else went there.

THE COURT: So my coworkers told me about it, that's it.

MR. SOBEL: That will be fine. That's all I asked.

THE COURT: Why my coworkers told me about it?

MR. MURPHY: I think the issue he wanted to call,

just to ask that question to create animosity of

impropriety. Those cases I stated are 2012/2011 Second

Department cases. These are -- expressed or implied are

improper and can lead to a mistrial. I do believe that's

going to be --

THE COURT: I have to review your papers again. I wasn't aware that we were talking about somebody other than Miss Fulton.

MR. MURPHY: I made the issue, like you said, a global issue, Judge, where --

THE COURT: See, I think maybe you pose that in the order to show cause and I think what you should have done, when I asked you for motions in limine while that motion is pending and you could have checked to see if it was decided, as I just did, to make sure I wouldn't -- you

Proceedings 16 I don't know what is in the order to show cause. You had opposition to it but didn't have the motion. You could have renewed it, submitted it here as a trial motion, which is more appropriate in the trial posture. MR. MURPHY: Absolutely. THE COURT: So I wasn't aware of that. Maybe that was true with that motion --MR. MURPHY: Motion to quash. We were supposed to make it timely. As soon as we got the subpoena, we made the motion to quash right away. At that time Judge Lane was the IAS judge but my motion to you, motion in limine, was bigger than that but my motion is basically that --THE COURT: I think to ask the question but to go into it any further other than -- I don't know why you would MR. MURPHY: They want to suggest impropriety.

THE COURT: Not to ask anything else from what I

can see. Do you have a copy of that --

ask that question.

COURT OFFICER: Judge, I got to.

MR. MURPHY: I'm sorry. On top of my affirmation is attached to my papers, if that's what you are asking for.

THE COURT: I don't know what I'm asking for. You mention this other order to show cause. I'm wondering if there is something there.

MR. MURPHY: Perhaps we can re-address it briefly

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1	to	omorrow?	
2		THE COURT: We'll see. Whatever you can and	d I
3	wi	ill let you argue it. As far as I can see, you know, it	t
4	ir	ncludes anything dealing with who, what and I think it's	S
5	ir	rrelevant.	
6		MR. MURPHY: Thank you.	
7		MR. SOBEL: Thank you.	
8		THE COURT: Have a nice day.	
9		MR. MURPHY: Thank you, Judge.	
10		MR. SOBEL: Thank you.	
11		(Whereupon, the matter was adjourned to June 18	3,
12	20	014.)	
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