done to prevent it and that the idea he should have done a Caesarean section is simply hindsight, and it's worthless. I ask you to listen to the facts, listen to the proof that comes to you throughout the course of the trial, keep an open mind as I discussed in my voir dire, wait till you hear all the evidence especially testimony of Dr. Nath, especially the testimony of the experts before you judge Dr. Lizardi what he did that day. Thank you.

THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, I need to discuss some legal matters before the first witness comes on with the attorneys, and we need to move some things around so we'll take a recess. Please remember not to discuss the case, don't talk to the parties or the attorneys, don't do any Googling on your smart phones, and we'll see you back in about ten or fifteen minutes.

(Recess of the court)

PROCEEDINGS HELD AFTER RECESS IN CHAMBERS:

THE COURT: All right, you want to make an application?

MR. BROUSSEAU: Yes. There was some, Judge, there was mention by Mr. Mills in his opening statement that he was going to examine Dr.

1

2

Lizardi during his direct examination of Dr. Lizardi regarding the OPMC in this case. was a consent Order that was entered into by Dr. Lizardi in June of 1995 with OPMC regarding an underlying charge that dated back to 1992 essentially regarding an EMTALA violation of allowing a lady to drive herself to the Massena Hospital instead of doing an exam at Canton-Potsdam Hospital or insisting that she be transported by ambulance, that it was a two year suspension stayed with a three year probation. The events occurred in 1992. By the time he was examining Susan Skelly-Hand, his license was at that point he was able to practice medicine without restriction with regards to Ms. Hand. The underlying OPMC matter doesn't affect the treatment that she received or even analogous treatments. The determination of issues related to the relevance of testimony would rest within the sound discretion of the court. It can be excluded even if relevant where the probative value would be substantially outweighed by the danger that it would unfairly prejudice or mislead a jury. The courts have held that OPMC unrelated to a medical malpractice includes even . 11.

. the revocation of a physician's medical license are inadequate because they have marginal relevance and are likely to unduly prejudice the jury, Maraziti v. Webber, 185 Misc. 2d 624, Bogdan v. Peekskill Community Hospital, 168 Misc. 2d 856, 1996. It's my position in this case any examination regarding, of Dr. Lizardi regarding this OPMC matter should be precluded and that any evidence is much more prejudicial than probative particularly with regards to the medical treatment he was providing Susan Skelly-Hand on February 25, 1996.

THE COURT: Mr. Mills?

MR. MILLS: Your honor, our position is that Dr. Lizardi was under suspension at the time he undertook to care for Susan, and by his testimony taken at his deposition on January 25, 2005, he acknowledged that that suspension ran from July of 1995 to July of 1998 and therefore encompassed the time period we're talking about. The suspension related to his assessment and care of a patient where it was determined that his release of this patient was against the appropriate standards of care and potentially put her at risk, that he didn't follow the course

24

25

1

that was required of a board certified obstetrician at that time even in the emergency room setting and made decisions that were contrary to the best interests of that patient. I see no distinction between that type of situation in that instance and our instance where he is not considering what's in the best interest of his patient or the infant. And so the allegations are very much similar, and it is in fact a time that he was under the suspension, is at a time when he's providing the care and treatment for this child so I think it's very directly relevant, and as to its prejudice, there's a lots of things I'm going to be asking Dr. Lizardi about that are going to be considered by him to be prejudicial, but it doesn't mean that they're not relevant and admissible.

THE COURT: Well, Dr. Lizardi's care and treatment of the patient for which he received the suspension is not before us today, and I find that to go into the particulars of the charge would be prejudicial. However, the fact and the status of his license is fair game, and I think you can ask him about whether it was suspended, and Mr. Brousseau can inquire about the fact that

was intact at the time that this was being done, but I'm going to limit you not to go into the underlying reasons for the suspension. Okay?

MR. MILLS: Understood.

MR. BROUSSEAU: Exception.

THE COURT: Yeah.

PROCEEDINGS HELD IN THE COURTROOM WITH THE JURY PRESENT:

THE COURT: All right, Mr. Mills, call your first witness.

MR. MILLS: Your Honor, we'd call the defendant, Dr. Lizardi.

THE CLERK: Do you solemnly swear that the answers you shall give will be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God?

DR. LIZARDI: I do.

MR. MILLS: Your Honor, I have pre-marked and shown Mr. Brousseau the certified records of the Canton-Potsdam Hospital for the admissions in February of 1996 of Susan Hand and Rachel Hand. The certified records for Susan Hand are Plaintiff's Exhibit 8, and the records for Rachel Hand are Plaintiff's Exhibit 9. I would offer them into evidence at this time.